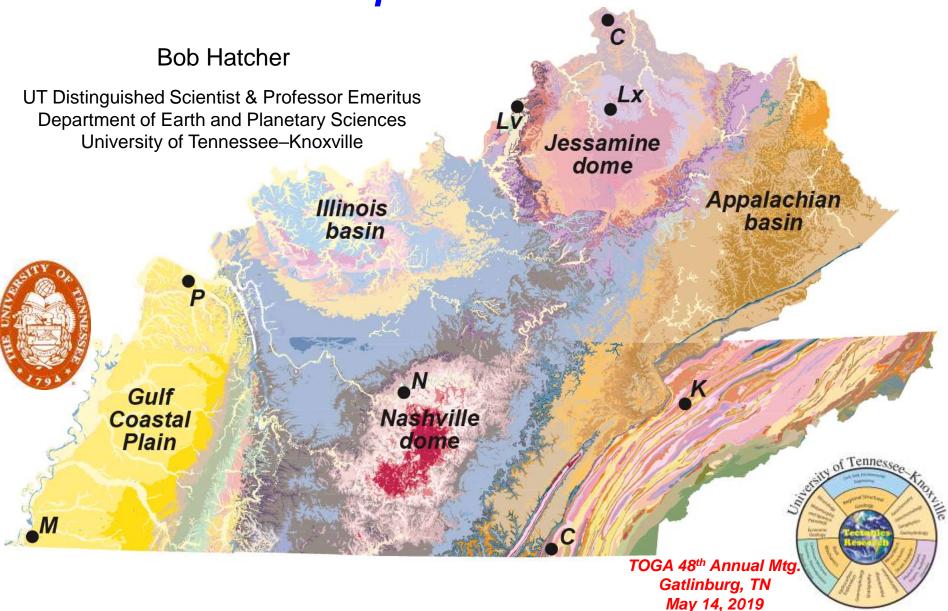
Maximizing Use of Available Scientific Data in Oil and Gas Exploration in Tennessee



PURPOSE:

Advocate (continued) use of available scientific data in oil exploration/field development/production

Data commonly used in oil exploration:

Well (geophysical) logs, cuttings, core, DSTs, seismic-reflection data (2D, 3D), aeromagnetic and gravity (potential field) data, surface & subsurface geologic data

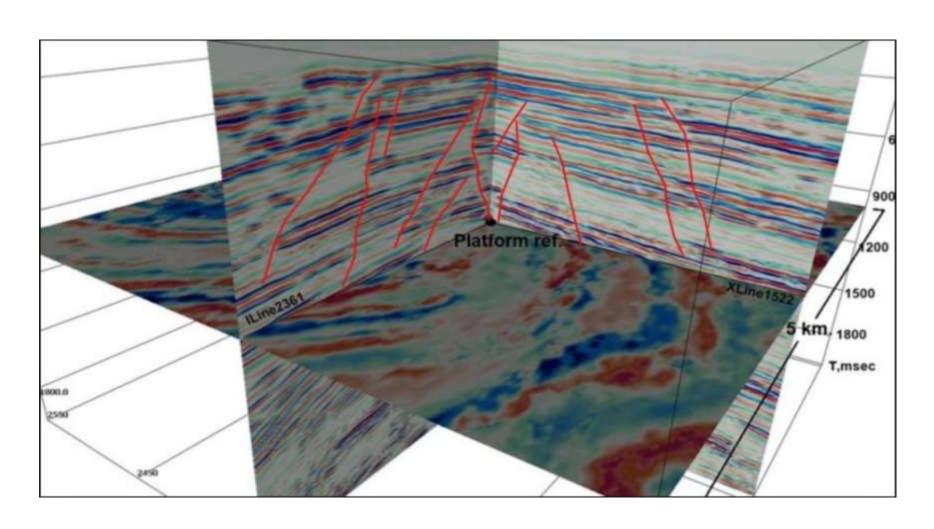
New data currently becoming available:

LiDar

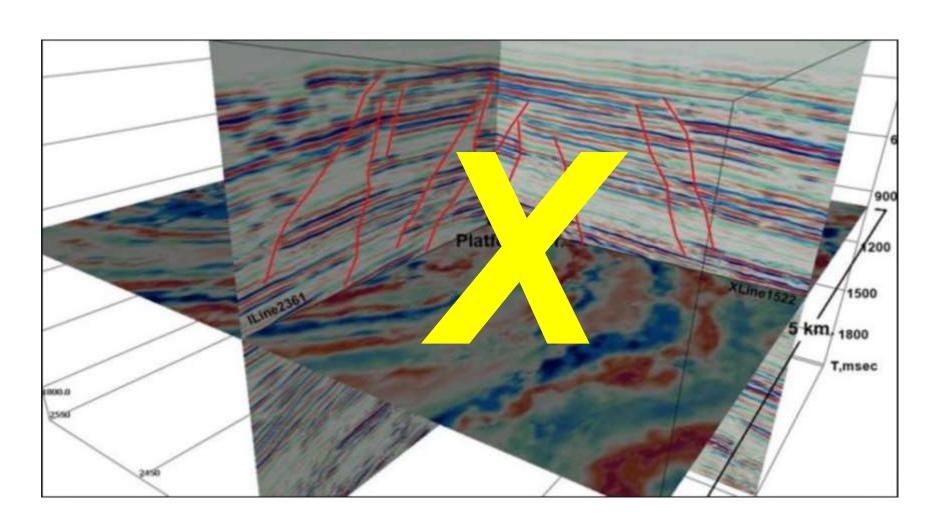
Data mostly not available in Tennessee:

Seismic-reflection data (2D, 3D)

3D Seismic Reflection Data



3D Seismic Reflection Data

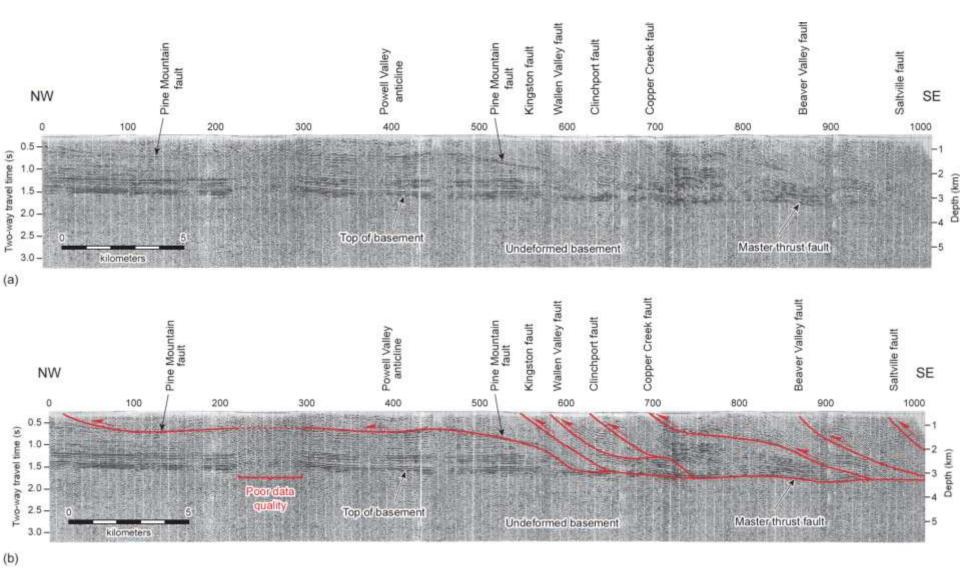


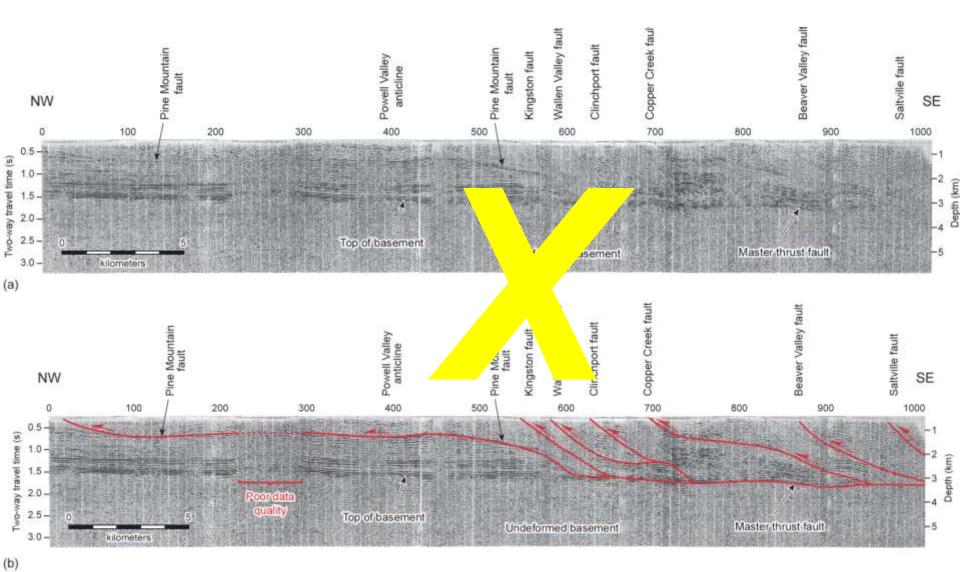
Vibroseis Survey Tandem Vibrating Trucks



Vibroseis Survey Tandem Vibrating Trucks



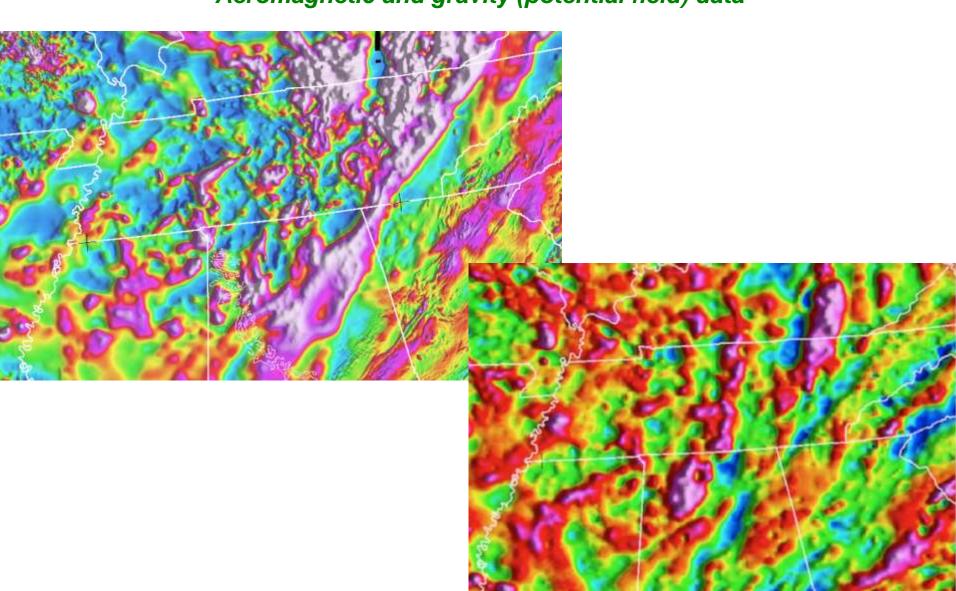




Data available in Tennessee, but commonly **not** used:

Why not?

Aeromagnetic and gravity (potential field) data

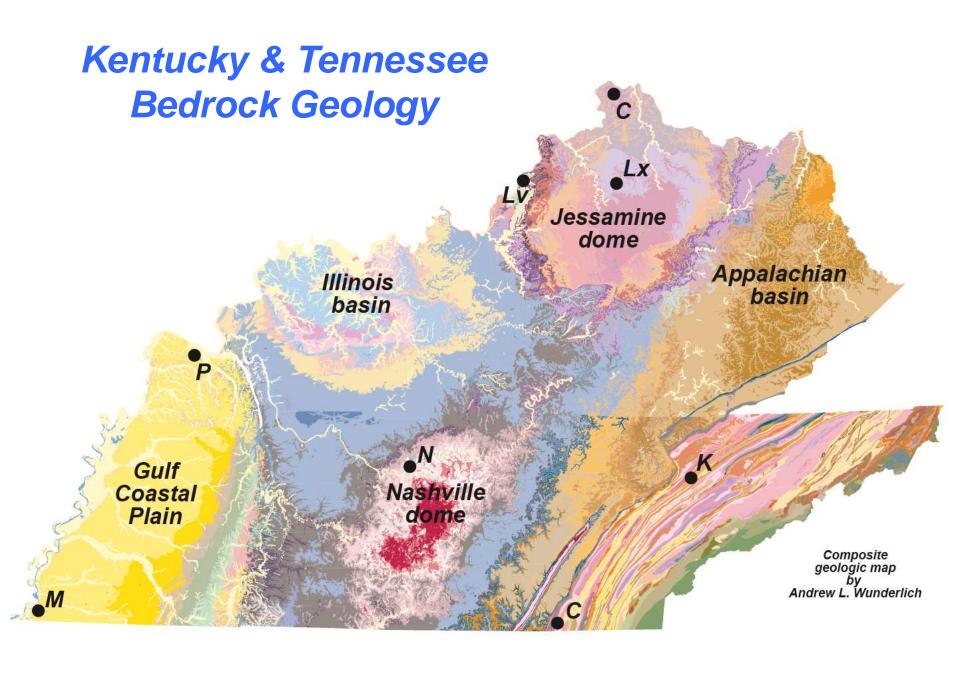


Left with: Surface & Subsurface Geologic Data (not a bad option in TN & KY)

Eastern US Geology

Geologic Map of the United States Phillip B. King and Helen Beikman 1974

From King & Beikman, 1970, USGS



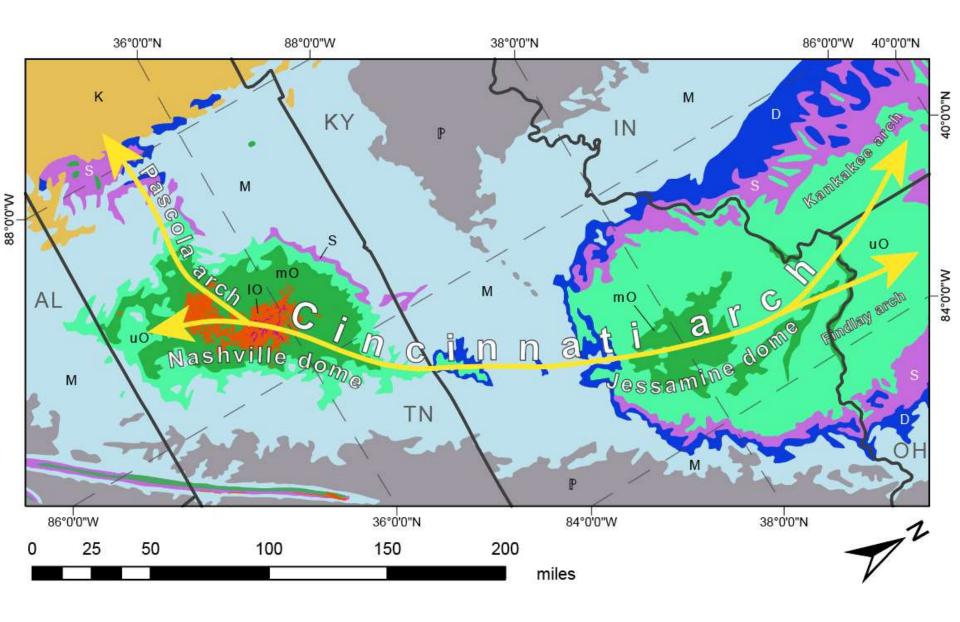


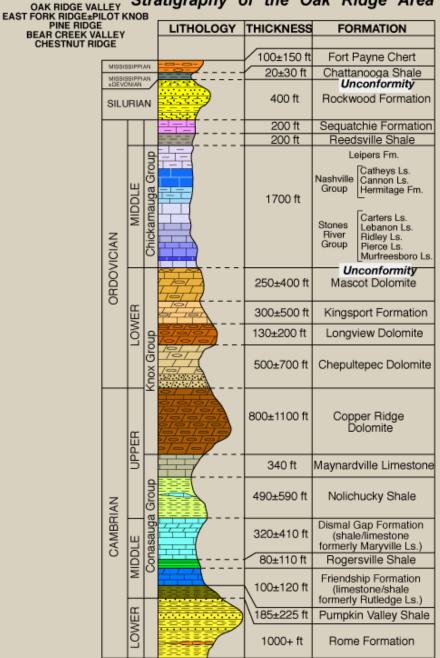
Image courtesy of Ken Boling

Ordovician-Silurian Stratigraphy in Sequatchie Valley

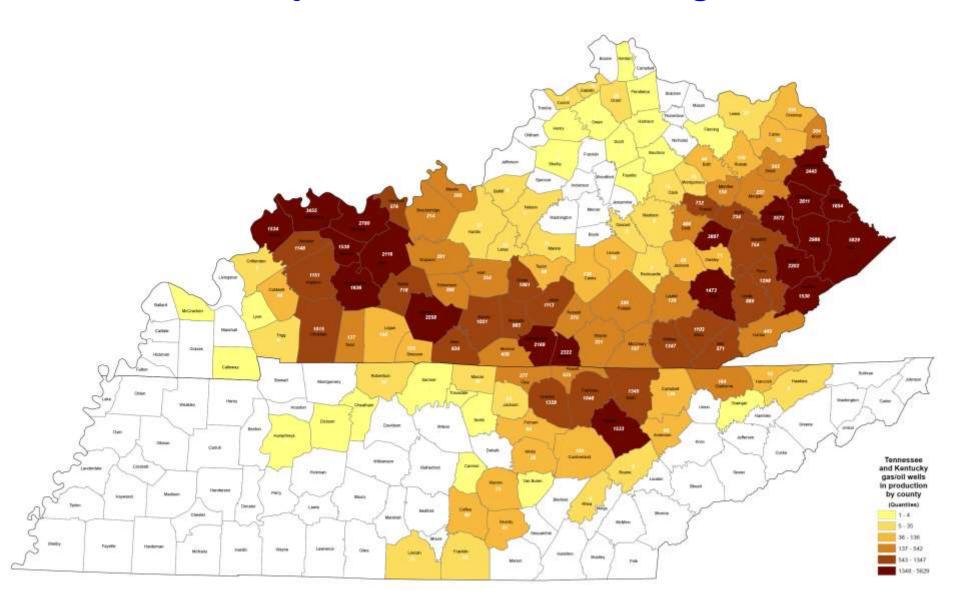
LITHOLOGY	THICKNESS	FORMATION		
	100–150 ft	Fort Payne Chert		
1	10–15 ft	Chattanooga Shale Unconformity		
	100 ft	Rockwood Formation		
	170 ft	Sequatchie Formation		
	200 ft	Reedsville Shale		
		Leipers Fm.		
ir. Nashville Gr.	1700 ft	Catheys Ls. Cannon Ls. Hermitage Fm. Carters Ls. Lebanon Ls.		
Stones H. C		Ridley Ls. Pierce Ls. Murfreesboro Ls. Pond Spr. Fm.		
	250± ft	Unconformity Mascot Dolomite		
	Stones H. Gr. Nashville Gr.	100–150 ft 10–15 ft 100 ft 170 ft 200 ft		

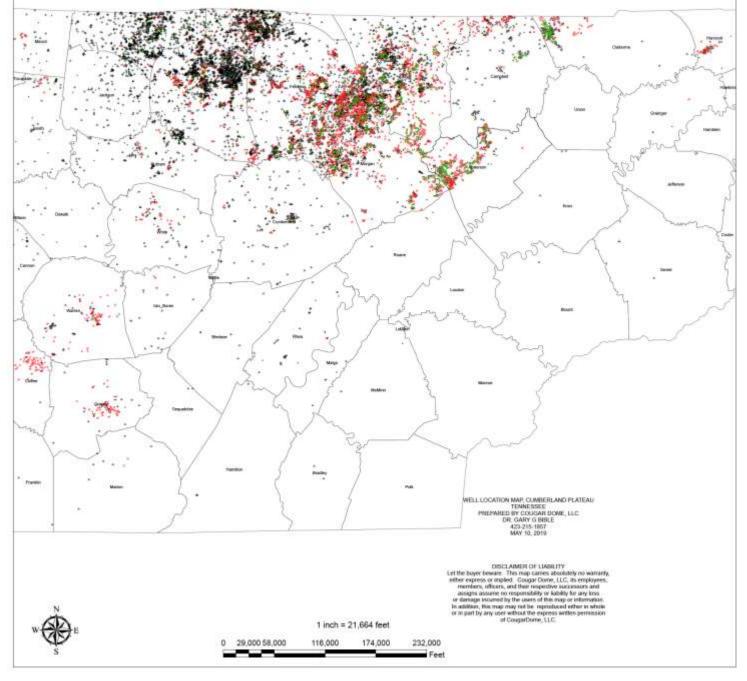
From Wilson (1949) and Milici (1960)

Stratigraphy of the Oak Ridge Area



Kentucky-Tennessee Producing Wells





Map courtesy of Dr. Gary G. Bible



TN 109 N of Gallatin, TN?

Ft. Payne Fm. (Miss.)

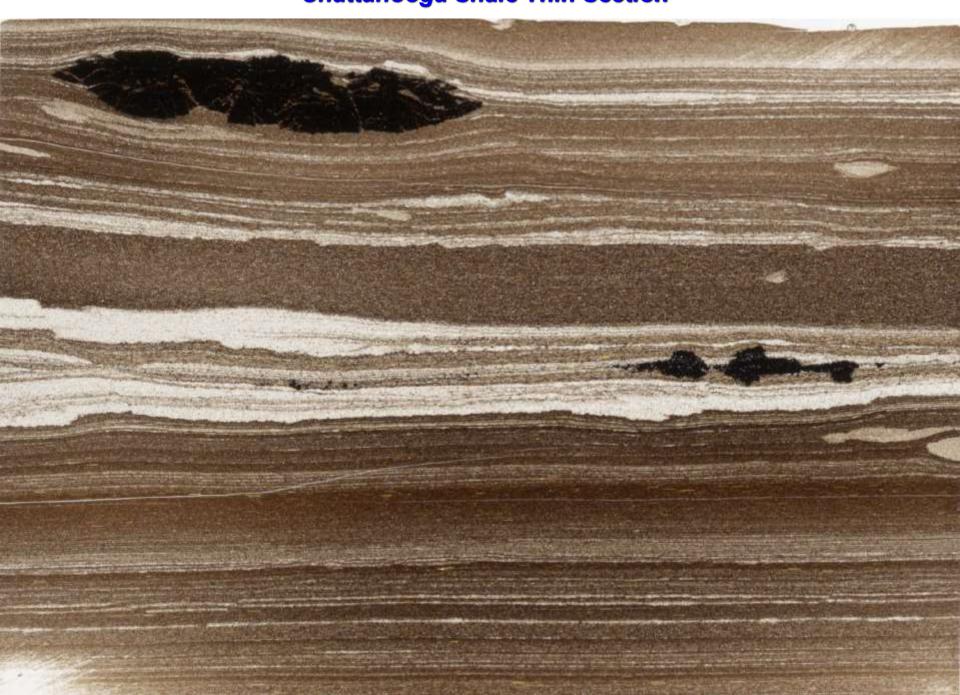
Chattanooga Sh. (Dev.-Miss.)

At least 83 m.y. missing

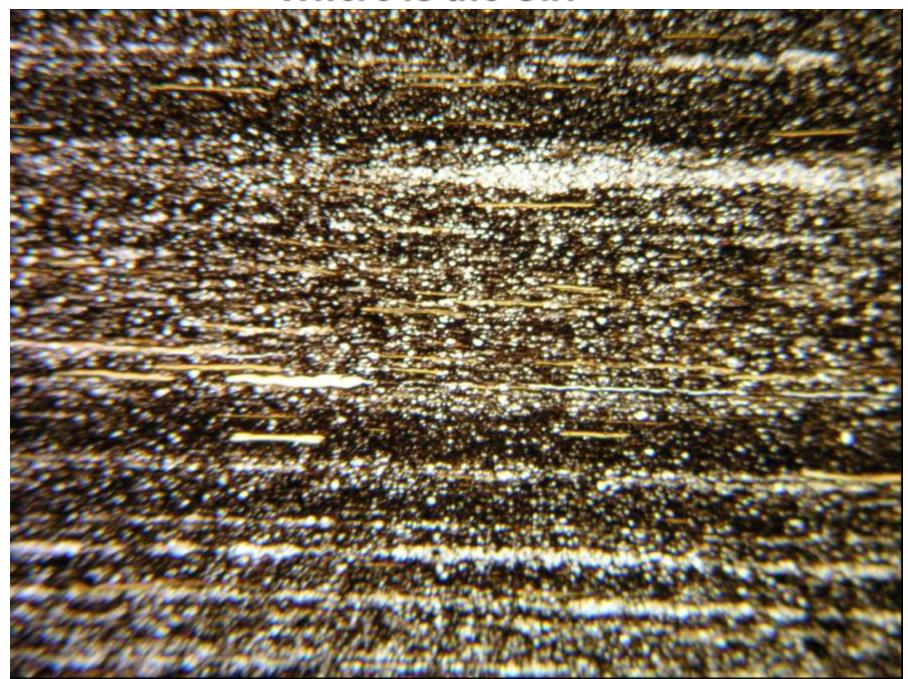
Leipers Fm. (Ord.)

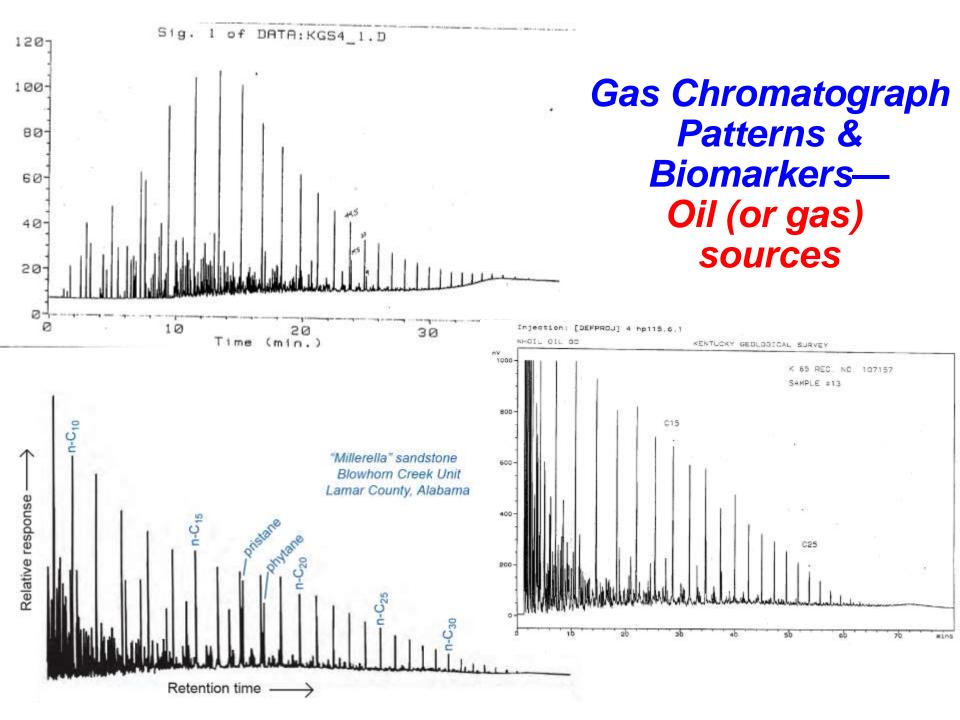


Chattanooga Shale Thin Section



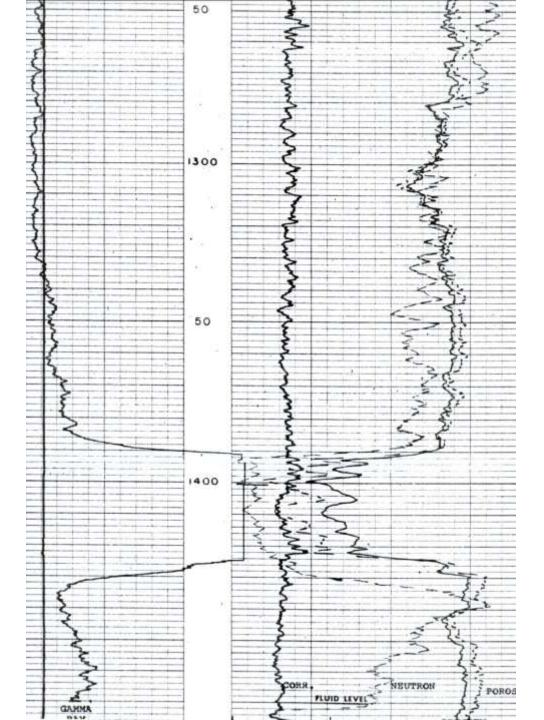
Where is the Oil?

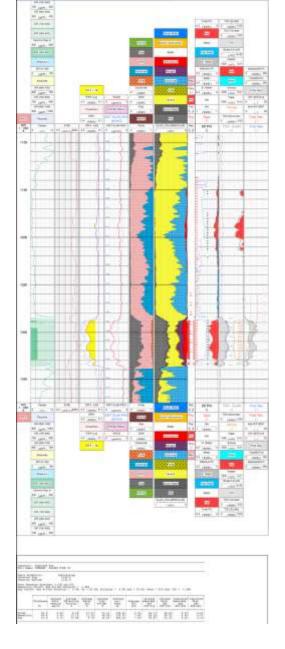


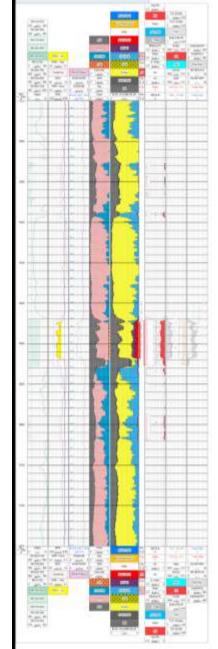


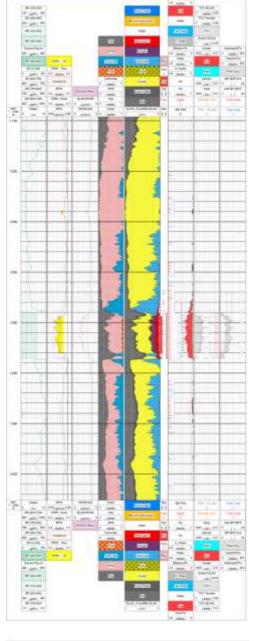
1970s or Older Geophysical Log

Chattanooga Shale



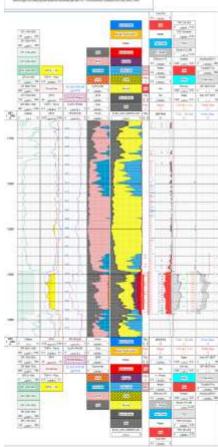






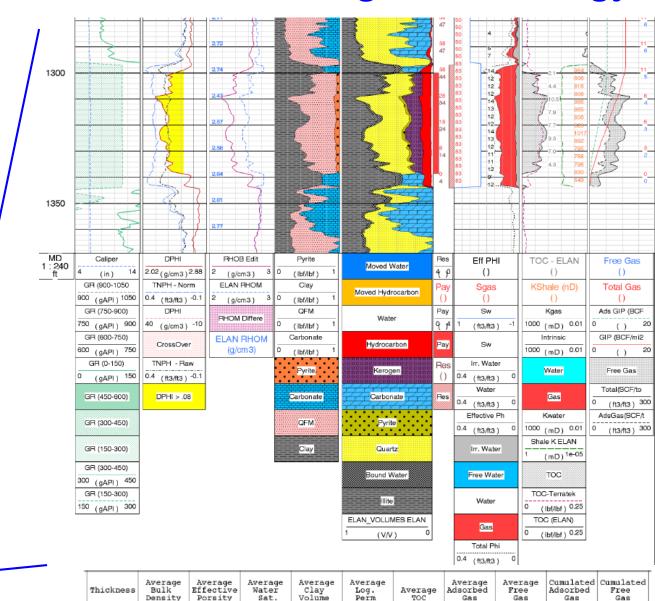
Modern Schlumberger Technolog

STT.	search.	10	en.								
V	it.	T	lit.								
_	SALTI	-	77	-	1110	11.17		-			
	-	#	4	¥	延	Ŧ	-E-	Z	¥	all.	×



一定命在定走产品系

Modern Schlumberger Technology



Perm

nD

645.54

778.01

845.21

37.51

37.50

TOC

wt%

5.82

5.93

Gas

SCF/ton

57.27

58.34

Gas

SCF/ton

56.20

57.30

Gas

BCF/sec

5.57

Gas

BCF/sec

5.57 5.56 4.71

Density

gm/cc

2.39

ft

48.0

47.0

Gross

Pay

Reservoir

Porsity

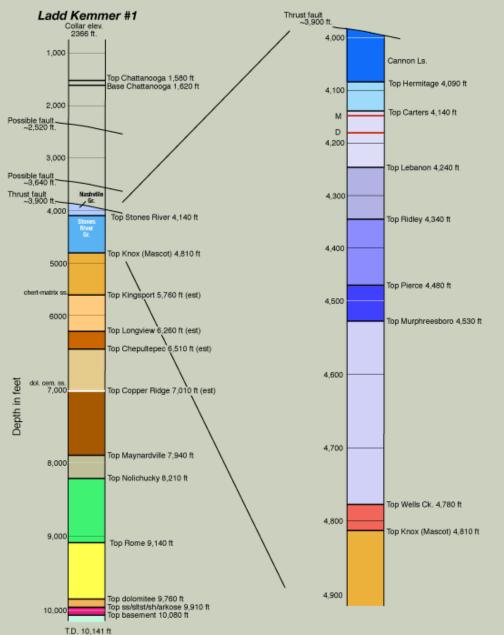
11.68

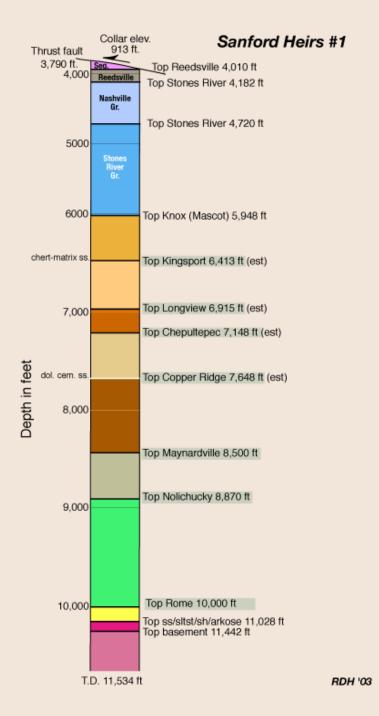
11.89

Sat.

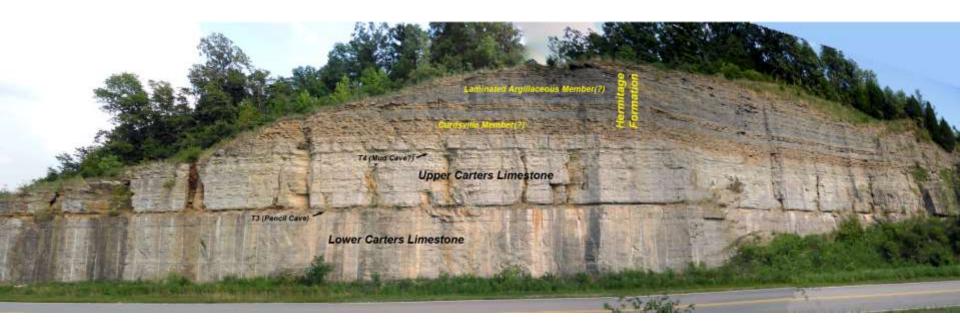
17.01

16.67

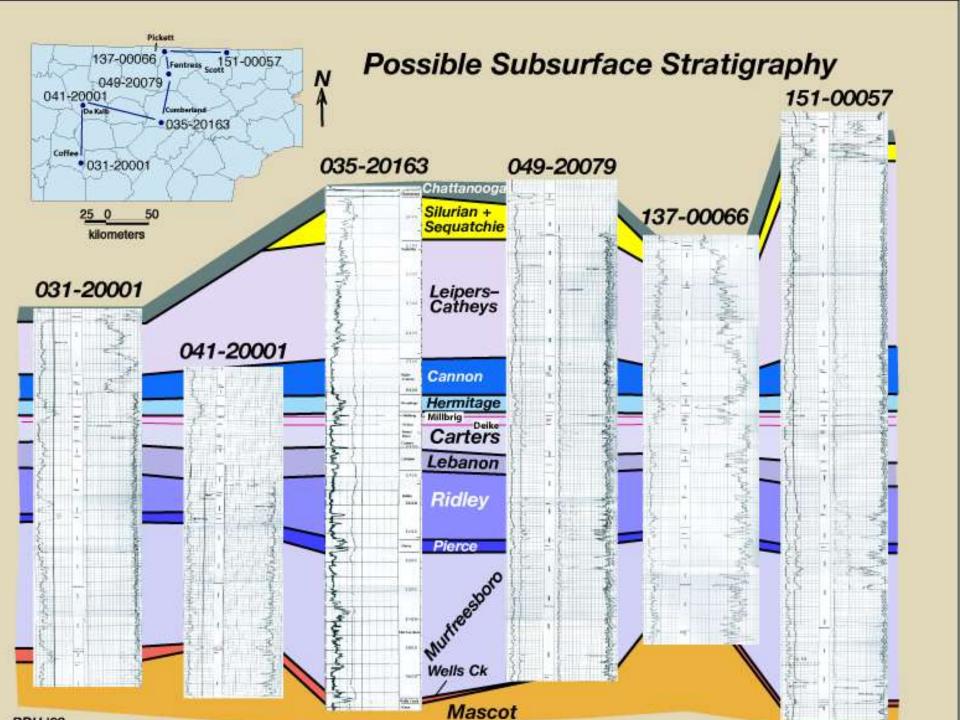


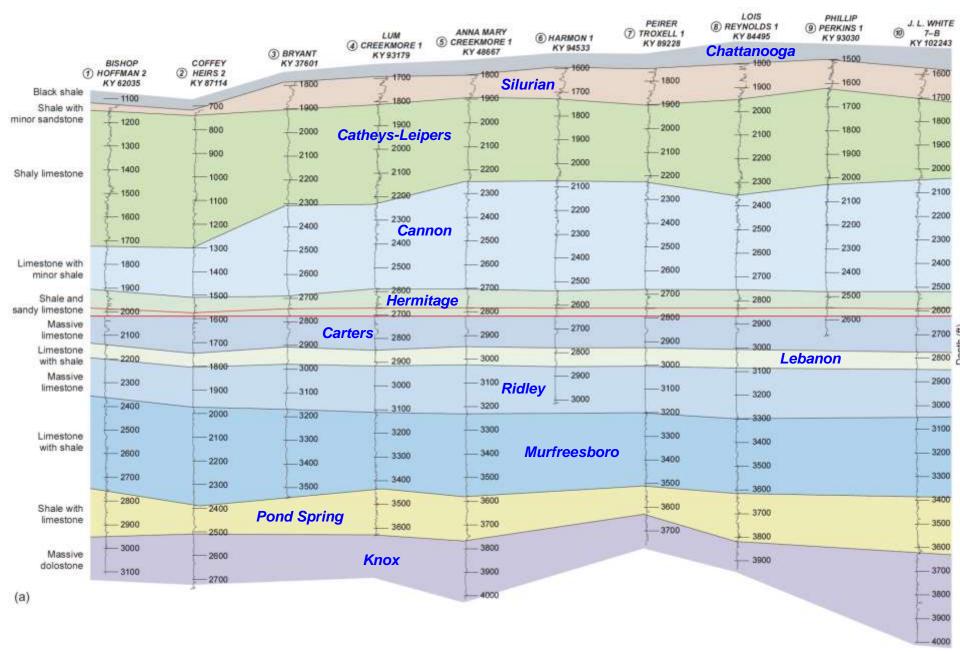


Top of Stones River Group & Important Marker Beds



TN 109 (Gallatin) Exit on I-40 E of Nashville





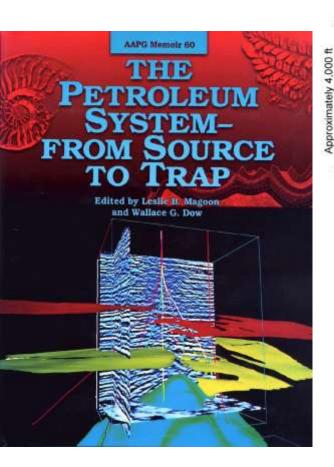
From Hatcher & Bailey, 2020, Structural Geology

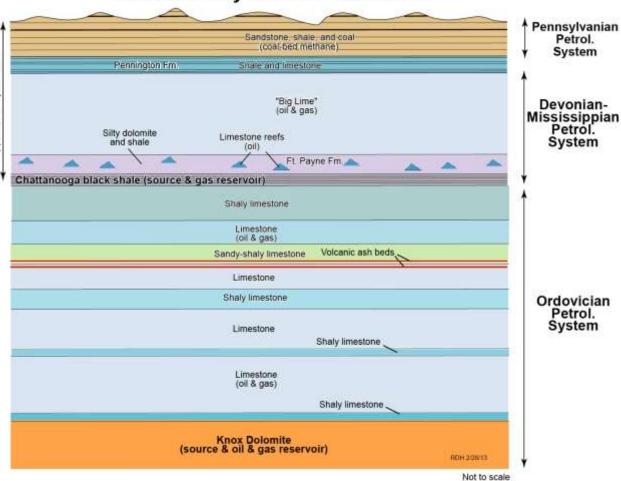
Bentonites in Upper Carters, Lower Hermitage



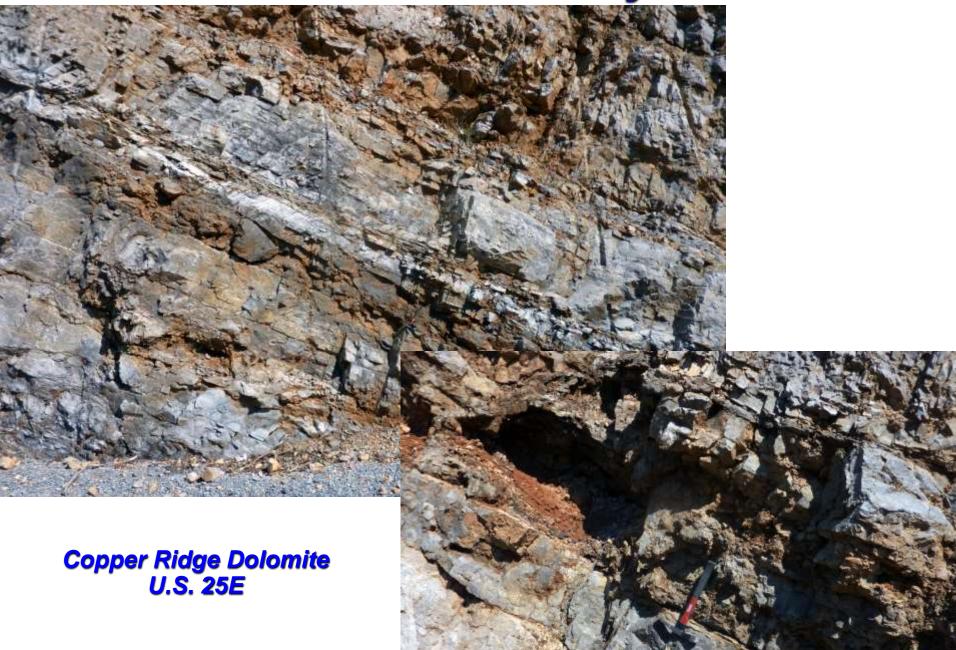
Defining petroleum systems: surface & subsurface data

Petroleum Systems in Tennessee



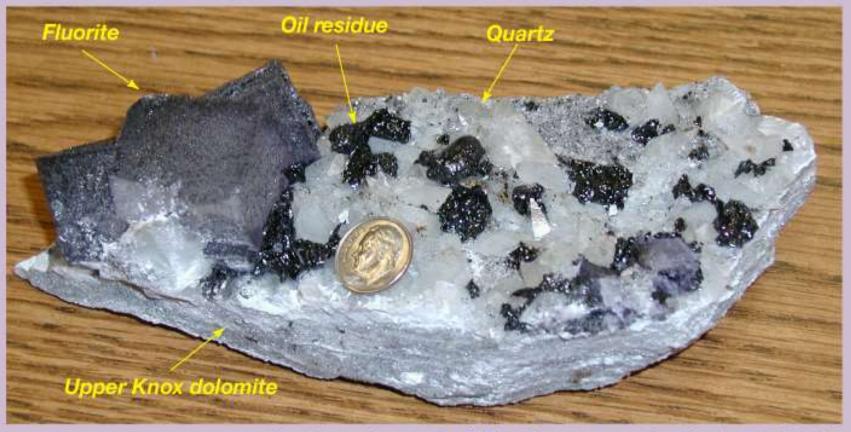


Source for Ordovician Hydrocarbons



Oil Residues in Vug in Knox Dolomite

Pasminco Elmwood Mine near Carthage, TN



Specimen donated to UT by Pasminco and geologist Fred Smith

Ft. Payne Fm. (Miss.)

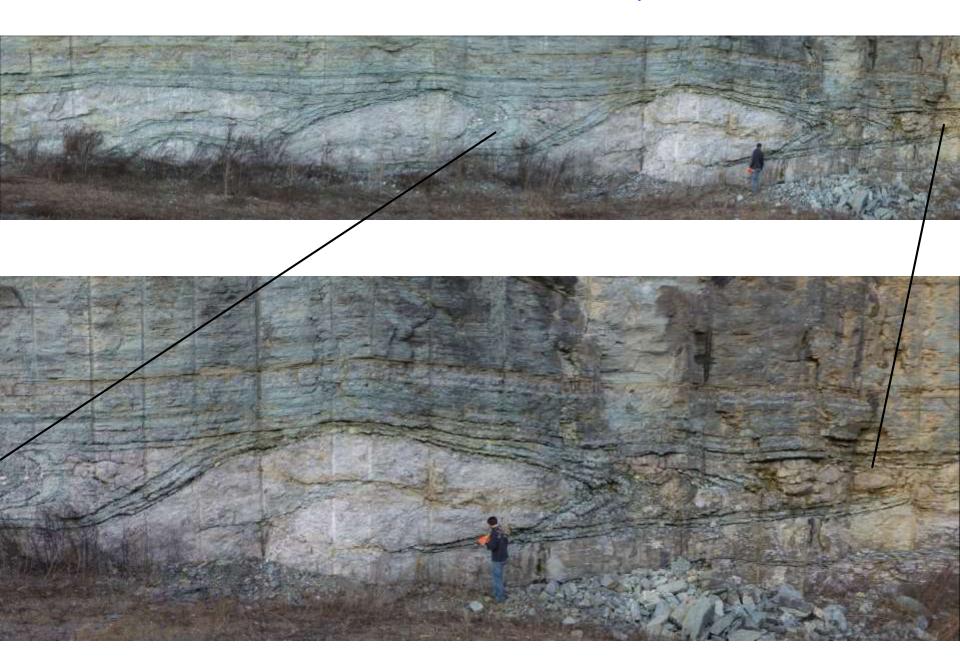
Chattanooga Sh. (Dev.-Miss.)

At least 83 m.y. missing

Leipers Fm. (Ord.)



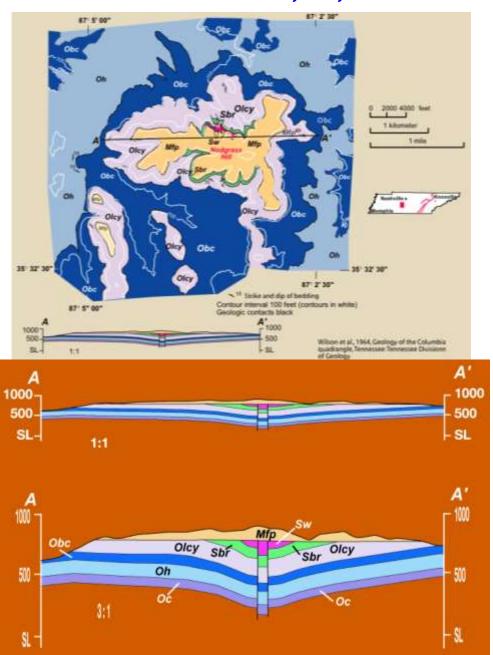
Crinoid Reefs W of Celina, TN



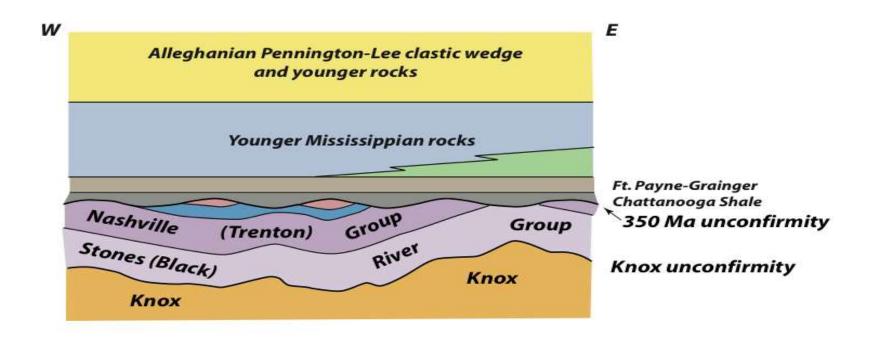


TN 109 N of Gallatin, TN?

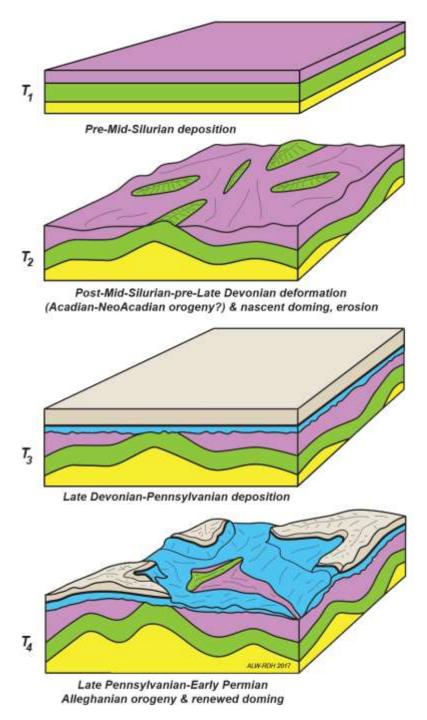
Part of Columbia, TN, Quad

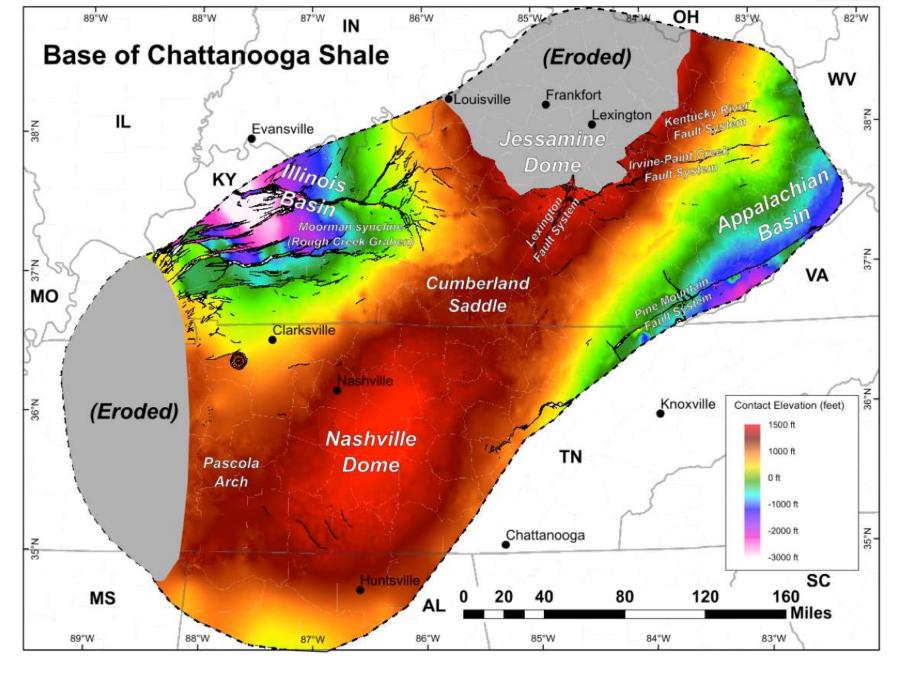


Pre- and Post- Chattanooga Relationships



Sequential Geologic History



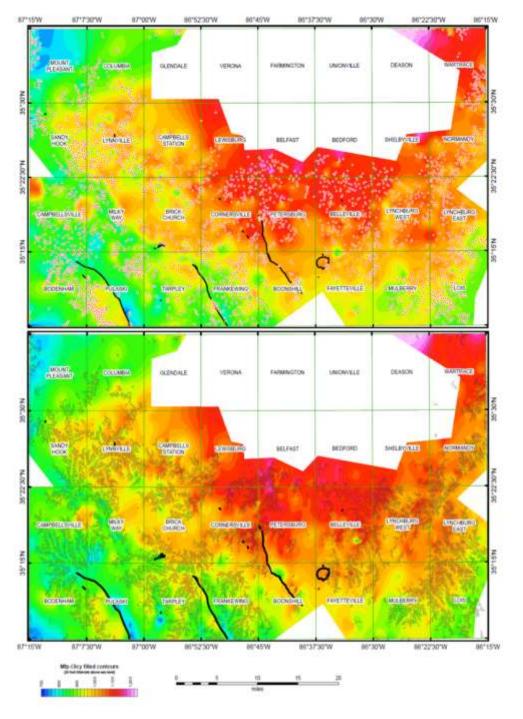


Using Modern Technology

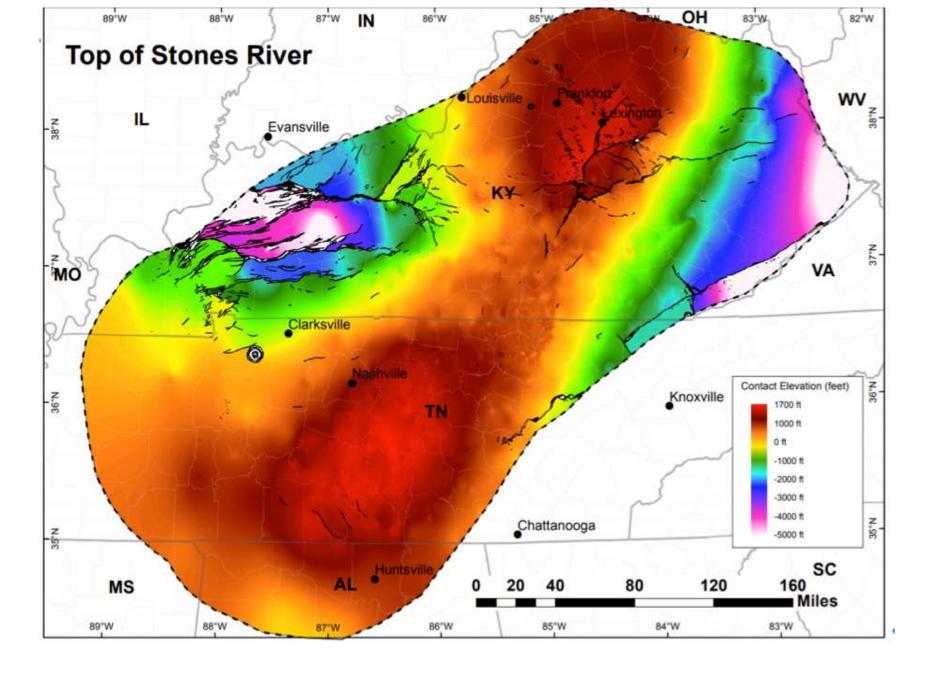
4,000 points hand picked, contoured in ArcMap by Andrew Wunderlich and Morgan Strissel

Base Chattanooga Shale (southern Nashville dome)

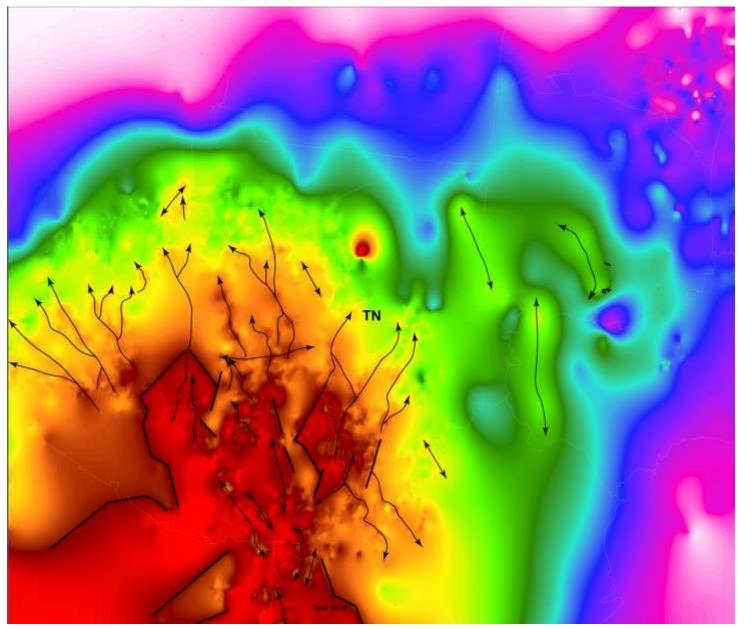
Same area: 73,000 points machine picked, contoured in ArcMap by Ken Boling



Images courtesy of Ken Boling

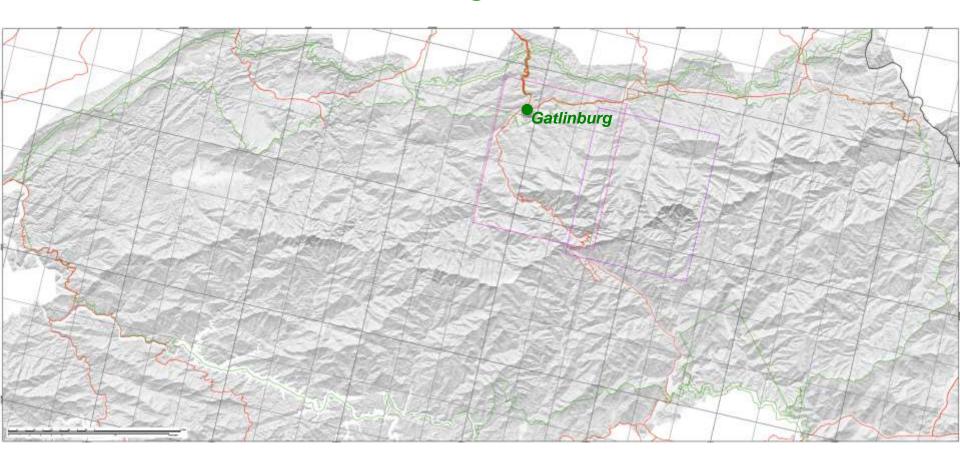


Top Stones River Group, NE Nashville dome: Hi-Tech, Lo Tech



Top Stones R surface courtesy of Ken Boling, structural interpretation by RDH

LiDar Image GSMNP



Useful information from LiDar data

- Bedrock fractures, some contacts
- More precise well locations (recall Gary Bible TOGA presentation a couple of yrs. ago).

Conclusions: Take-Home Points

- Limited kinds of data should not hinder good O & G exploration/development, as long as there are enough.
- Numerous opportunities exist to employ new technologies for reprocessing and utilizing existing data, or to assemble and analyze large data sets.

Dinosaurs' Almanac



"Weird. It says we'll all die this year."